HW 3

Due in class Monday, September 25

This one should be typed. Several of the questions ask for either a DFA or a regular expression. It is fine to attach a page to your solutions on which you have drawn the DFAs.

- Either prove or give an example that disproves: For any regular expressions E and F, (E+F)* =E*+F*.
- 2. Show that the language of strings of balanced parentheses (e.g. "((())())")) is not a regular language.
- 3. Show that $\{a^nb^mc^n| n>=0, m>=0\}$ is not regular.
- 4. For each of the following languages, either prove that it is regular (by giving a regular expression or DFA for it) or use the Pumping Lemma to prove that it isn't regular.
 - a. The set of strings of 0's and 1's where the digits sum to 5, such as 110111 and 11111.
 - b. The set of strings of 0's and 1's where the digits sum to an even number.
 - c. The set of strings of 0's and 1's where the digits sum to a perfect square.
 - d. The set of strings of 0's and 1's such that in every prefix the number of 0's and the number of 1's never differ by more than 1.
- 5. If L is a language and a is a symbol then L/a (called the *quotient* of L and a) is the set of strings w such that wa is in L. For example, if L = $\{a, aab, baa\}$ then L/a = $\{\epsilon, ba\}$. Show that if L is regular then L/a is also regular.
- 6. Suppose I give you a very complicated DFA for a language over the alphabet {0,1}. Give an algorithm for determining if the language accepted by that DFA is infinite. *Hint*: The Pumping lemma helps.